

FILIPPOV, Boris Nikolayevich; ALKESANDROV, Mark Veniaminovich; MARUSHKO,  
Fedor Ivanovich; MARENKOVA, G.I., inzh., red.; MEDVEDEVA, M.A.,  
tekhn.red.

[Experience in the regulation and maintenance of a centralized  
traffic relay system] Opyt regulirovki i soderzhanie marshrutno-  
releinoi tsentralizatsii. Moskva, Gos.transp.zhel-dor.izd-vo,  
1960. 28 p. (MIRA 13:3)

(Railroads--Signaling)

LUPAL, N.V., kand.tekhn.nauk; GUDKOV, A.V., inzh.; MARUSHKO, F.I., kand.  
tekhn.nauk

Operational and technical requirements for the automation of  
centralized traffic control. Zhel.dor.transp. 43 no.2:46-47  
F '61. (MIRA 14:4)  
(Railroads—Signaling—Centralized traffic control)  
(Automatic control)

GUDKOV, A.V., inzh.; MARUSHKO, F.I., kand.tekhn.nauk; EYLER, A.A., kand.  
tekhn.nauk

Over-all automation of mine haulage. Mekh.i avtom.proizv. 16  
no.4:56-58 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:4)  
(Mine haulage) (Automation)

MARUSHKO, I.A. [Marushko, I.O.]

Effect of anharmonic vibrations of the lattice on the intensity  
of the Mössbauer line. Ukr. fiz. zhur. 8 no.8:835-843 Ag '63.

(MIRA 16;11)

1. Dnepropetrovskiy gosudarstvennyy universitet.

MARUSHKO, I.A. [Marushko, I.O.]; MACHKEVICH, V.I. [Machkevich, V.I.]

Generation of the second optical parametric oscillator  
Ukr. fiz. zhurn. 19 no.3:312-312 1975.

(Kharkov)

I. Institut fiziki AN UkrSSR, Kiyev.

MARUSHKO, I.A.; MASHKEVICH, V.S.

Line width of induced Raman scattering. Opt. i spektr. 19 no.1:136-  
138 Ju '65. (MIRA 18:8)

L 20422-66 FBD/EWT(1)/FEC(k)/T/EWP(k)/EWA(h) LIP(c) WG  
ACC NR: AP6004412 SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/001/0117/0127

AUTHOR: Marushko, I. A.; Mashkevich, V. S.

ORG: none

TITLE: A method of kinetic equations in the theory of second-harmonic generation

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 1, 1966, 117-127

TOPIC TAGS: laser, nonlinear optics, second harmonic, harmonic generation, spectral line, line broadening

ABSTRACT: A theoretical study is made of second-harmonic generation in a stationary regime by a <sup>251</sup>laser beam of finite spectral width. The method of kinetic equations used was developed by the author (Ukrainskiy fizichnyy zhurnal, v. 8, 1963, p. 918, and v. 9, 1964, p. 226) and is based on quantum mechanical considerations. The spectral line is represented by a set of monochromatic lines corresponding to exact normal oscillations of the electromagnetic field distributed with a certain density. General expressions for the total probability of second-harmonic generation are used in deriving an expression for the angular distribution of intensity of the second harmonic in reflected and transmitted rays. It is shown that the dependence of the intensity of the second harmonic on the angle of incidence will be oscillatory. In the case of normal incidence, the line shape of the second harmonic is expressed by an integral equation which is solved for the cases when the shape of the pump line is

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UDC: 621.375.9.535.001.1

I.20422-66

ACC NR: AP6004412

either Gaussian or Lorentzian. It is shown that generation of a harmonic usually results in broadening of the fundamental. When the pump line is Gaussian, the second harmonic exhibits a tendency for narrowing. Orig. art. has: 22 formulas and 2 figures.

[CS]

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 10Sep64/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 005/ ATD PRESS:  
4222

Card 2/2 ULR

L 01059-67 EWT(1)/T IJP(c) GD  
ACC NR: AT6015131

SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/66/000/000/0034/0076

AUTHOR: M. rushko, I. A.; Mashkevich, V. S.

*51*

*B+1*

ORG: Institute of Physics, AN UkrSSR (Institut fiziki AN UkrSSR)

TITLE: Method of kinetic equations in the theory of generation of optic harmonics

SOURCE: Respublikanskiy seminar po kvantovoy elektronike. Kvantovaya elektronika (Quantum electronics); trudy seminara. Kiev, Naukova dumka, 1966, 34-76

TOPIC TAGS: laser theory, solid state laser, kinetic equation

ABSTRACT: 1. Deduction of kinetic equations from a density-matrix equation for the case of generation of the second optical harmonic. Only stationary conditions of generation and only the process of frequency summation are considered. The analysis is made in the first nonvanishing approximation of the disturbance theory; contribution of multiphoton processes is neglected. The kinetic equations are:

$$\dot{\bar{q}}_1 = \frac{2\pi}{\hbar} B \sum_{l,k} [q_2^l (\bar{q}_1^l + 1) (\bar{q}_1^k + 1) - (\bar{q}_2^l + 1) \bar{q}_1^l \bar{q}_1^k] \delta(E_l + E_k - E_i) - \alpha_1^l \bar{q}_1^l + N^l.$$

$$\dot{\bar{q}}_2 = \frac{\pi}{\hbar} B \sum_{l,k} [(\bar{q}_2^l + 1) \bar{q}_1^l \bar{q}_1^k - \bar{q}_2^l (\bar{q}_1^l + 1) (\bar{q}_1^k + 1)] \delta(E_l + E_k - E_i) - \alpha_2^l \bar{q}_2^l.$$

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Applicability of these equations to near-stationary conditions of generation is briefly discussed. 2. Generation of the second harmonic in a plane-parallel slab. It is clarified which field vector potential should be used for calculating the nonlinearity  $B$  in the above kinetic equations. In each particular case of solving the kinetic equations, construction of orthonormalized solutions of the Maxwell linear equations is required. Kinetic equations and total-quanta-number equations for the second-harmonic generation in the slab are derived. From them, this formula for efficiency

is derived:  $k = \frac{\alpha_2 (\epsilon_2^R + \epsilon_2^T)}{N\hbar\omega_1} = \frac{2\alpha_2 (q_2^R + q_2^T)}{N}$ . The second-harmonic intensity in the transmitted and reflected light dependent on the angle of incidence (formula given) is convenient for determining the degree of agreement between the calculated and observed data. 3. Line shape in the second-harmonic generation with a specified pumping at fundamental frequency. The above generation case is also used for investigating the line shape. An integral equation describing the time shape is solvable only in two particular cases: (A) Gaussian curve (weak and strong generation regions); and (B) Lorentzian curve (weak generation). 4. Second-harmonic generation in the laser resonator. The harmonic generation depends on the nonlinearity  $B$ , photon density  $q$ , in the beam, and the loss ratio at fundamental and harmonic frequencies. Hence, an efficient harmonic generation can be achieved by

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placing the nonlinear crystal into the laser resonator. The generation efficiency is equal to a ratio of the harmonic power to the dominant-mode-plus-harmonic power:

$$k = \frac{\alpha_2 2\hbar\omega_1 q_1}{\alpha_1 \hbar\omega_1 q_1 + \alpha_2 2\hbar\omega_1 q_2} = \frac{2\alpha_2 q_1}{\alpha_1 q_1 + 2\alpha_2 q_2} = \frac{2\alpha_2 \bar{B}q_1}{2\bar{B}q_1 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) + \alpha_1 \alpha_2}. \text{ To find the effect of laser pumping}$$

on the harmonic efficiency, the dominant-mode equation is solved for these cases:  
(A) The near above-threshold pumping region for which this condition holds true:

$|\alpha_2 \hat{B}_1 (m_1 - n^{11}) - 2\bar{B}B_s n^{11}|^2 \gg 8\bar{B}B_s B_s n^{11} \alpha_1 (m_1 - n^{11})$ ; (B) The pumping region in which this condition is satisfied:  $|\alpha_2 \hat{B}_1 (m_1 - n^{11}) - 2\bar{B}B_s n^{11}|^2 \ll 8\bar{B}B_s B_s n^{11} \alpha_1 (m_1 - n^{11})$ .

(C) The strong pumping region with this condition satisfied:  $|\alpha_2 \hat{B}_1 (m_1 - n^{11}) - 2\bar{B}B_s n^{11}|^2 \gg 8\bar{B}B_s B_s n^{11} \alpha_1 (m_1 - n^{11})$ ,  
 $m_1 - n^{11} < 0$ .

5. Generation of the third optical harmonic. The kinetic equations, the law of conservation of the number of quanta, the line shape, and the efficiency of third-harmonic generation are discussed. Orig. art. has: 2 figures and 210 formulas.

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 12Feb66 / ORIG REF: 010 / OTH REF: 010

awm  
Card 3/3

1-11817-65 EWA(k)/EWI(1)/EEC(1)-2/T/EEC(b)-2/EWP(k)/EWA(m)-2 Po-1/Pr-1/P1-1/  
P1-1 JP(1)/RAE(1)/ESD(1) 43/JMB

S/0185/64/009/008/0921/0925

ACCESSION NR: AP4044177

B

AUTHOR: Marushko, I. O.; Mashkevych, V. S.

TITLE: Generation of the second harmonic in a plane-parallel plate.

SOURCE: Ukrayins'ky fizichny zhurnal, v. 9, no. 8, 1964, 921-925

TOPIC TAGS: second harmonic, plane parallel plate, nonlinear Maxwell equation, quantum transition

ABSTRACT: Several papers were dedicated to the derivation of the generation of the second harmonic on the basis of the nonlinear Maxwell equations. The present paper derives the same results by the method of quantum transitions.  
Orig. art. has: 2 figures, 11 equations

ASSOCIATION: Institut fiziki AN URSR i Kiev (Institute of physics AN URSR)

SUBMITTED: 15Apr64

ENCL: 00

Card 1/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032630001-5

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ACCESSION NR: AP4044177

SUB CODE: ME

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 006

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/14/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R001032630001-5"

ACCESSION NO: AP4048871

S/01B5/64/009/010/1146/1150  
6

AUTHOR: Marushko, I. O.; Mas'kivych, V. S.

TITLE: Form of the line while generating the second optical harmonic

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyi fizichnyi zhurnal, v. 9, no. 10, 1964,  
1146-1150TOPIC TAGS: second optical harmonic, second harmonic, principal  
frequency, spectral width of radiation

ABSTRACT: In problems concerning the generation of the second harmonic, the field of the fundamental frequency was regarded as a plane monochromatic wave. Laser radiation, which is suited to generating harmonics, has a finite spectral width. The generation of the second harmonic in a stationary regime when the shape of the line of pumping at the fundamental frequency is given, was investigated. In addition, a line with finite width was regarded as a combination of monochromatic lines which correspond to normal oscillations of the electromagnetic field distributed with appropriate density. It is shown that corresponding monochromatic lines

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ACCESSION NR: AP4048871

on the second harmonic appear essentially not on account of doubling the frequency, but by adding the frequencies of the principal line distributed symmetrically with respect to the frequency whose doubled value corresponds to the investigated harmonic line. It is also shown that the form of the line of the fundamental changes during the process of generation of the harmonic. The line on the second harmonic narrows, while the line on the fundamental frequency widens. Furthermore, the form of the line of the second harmonic is that which it would be when the frequency is doubled. The line of the fundamental frequency widens as before. Orig. art. has: 31 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: Insty\*tut fizy\*ky\*AN URSR, Kiev (Institute of Physics, AN URSR)

SUBMITTED: 09Jun64

ENCL: -00

SUB CODE: OP, EC

NO REF Sov: 003

OTHER: 001

Card

2/2

L 31882-65 EWD(j)/EWA(k)/FBD/EWT(l)/EEC(k)-2/EEC(t)/T/EEC(b)-2/EWP(k)/EWA(m)-2/  
EWA(h) Pn-4/Po-4/Pf-4/Pi-4/Pl-4/Peb IJP(c) WG

ACCESSION NR: AP5007691

8/0185/65/010/003/0312/0322 57

B

AUTHOR: Marushko, I. O. (Marushko, I. A.); Mashkevych, V. S. (Mashkevich, V. S.) 57

TITLE: Generation of the second optical harmonic in a laser resonator 75

SOURCE: Ukrayins'kyi fizichnyi zhurnal, v. 10, no. 3, 1965, 312-322

TOPIC TAGS: laser, laser resonator, second optical harmonic, harmonic generation, particular mode, crystal nonlinearity)

ABSTRACT: The effect of second harmonic generation on laser operation and the conditions for the most effective transformation of the fundamental frequency into the harmonic in a continuous-wave mode have been investigated using the kinetic equation method. A simple laser model with a single mode was used. The effect of the generation of a harmonic on the particular mode was found to be weak. The number of second-harmonic quanta clearly depends on the pump power. In the case of very high pump power, the pumping and losses of the particular mode ( $a_1$ ) determine the transformation coefficient ( $k$ ). By reducing  $a_1$ , it is possible to obtain a  $k$  value close to unity. In a case corresponding to the saturation of the second harmonic (when the number of photons in the mode does not depend on the nonlinearity of the crystal), the radiation of the particular mode depends essentially on the losses of the harmonic  $a_2$ . Only the effectiveness of harmonic generation is determined from the ratio

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ACCESSION NR: AP5007691

of the losses of the fundamental frequency and the harmonic. To limit the radiation of non-particular modes in this region, i.e., to retain the particular mode, the losses of the harmonic  $\alpha_2$  should be restricted. In the region of the strong generation of harmonics, the role of the reverse process (i.e., the transformation of a harmonic into a fundamental frequency) increases, thus reducing the effective losses of the particular mode. A decrease of  $\alpha_2$  furthers the process. Thus, for stable laser operation and maximum generation of a harmonic, an optimum ratio of losses  $\alpha_1$  and  $\alpha_2$  should be selected. Orig. art. has: 27 formulas. [JA]

ASSOCIATION: Instytut fizyki AN URSR, Kiev (Physics Institute, AN.USSR)

SUBMITTED: 07Jun64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: EC

NO REF SOV: 007

OTHER: 004

ATD PRESS: 3212

Card 2/2

I 58969-65 EWT(1)

ACCESSION NR: AP5017905

UR/0051/65/019/001/0156/0138

621.375.9:535-375

AUTHOR: Marushko, I. A.; Mashkevich, V. S.

24

B

TITLE: Line width of stimulated Raman scattering

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 19, no. 1, 1965, 136-138

TOPIC TAGS: SRS, Raman line, line width, Raman effect laser, nonlinear optics

ABSTRACT: The line width of stimulated Raman scattering (SRS) is investigated under stationary and quasi-stationary conditions where pumping at the fundamental frequency is constant with time. The problem was solved by means of the kinetic equations method derived previously (V. S. Mashkevich, Ukr. fiz. zh. 9, 1032, 1963). The line shape was assumed to be that of a Lorentz curve. The explicit dependence of the SRS line width on the pumping was determined for regions above and below the threshold value of the pumping. In the cases considered, as in the usual laser, a sharp narrowing of the line occurs when pumping is increased beyond the threshold. Orig. art. has: 5 formulas. [YK]

ASSOCIATION: none

Card 1/2

L-58969-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5017905	ENCL: 00	SUB CODE: EC, OP
SUBMITTED: 24 Nov 64	OTHER: 003	ATTD PRESS: 4048
NO REF SOV: 004		

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Card 2/2

MARUSHEV, V.I.

MARUSHEV, V.I.: "Experience using antibiotics in the postoperative period in patients with acute appendicitis". Moscow, 1966, second thousand of the Medical Institute I.V. Sechenov. Dissertations for the Doctor of Medical Sciences.

SO: Kaluzhina Iosifovna, M.D., Candidate of Med. Sci.

MARUSCIAC, D.; POP, V.; MORISCA, I.; BOSSU, T.; ALFAC, V.

Study on some methods of soil consolidation in the Criș region  
in view of their utilization in agro-technical construction.  
Bul stiint polit Cluj 6:171-186 '63.

MARUSIAK, I.; BURES, J.

"Use of the curve of the PS-gradient to determine strata limits."

p. 33 (Prace) No. 31/33, 1956  
Praue, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Accessions (EEAI) IC. Vol. 7, no. 4,  
April 1958

~~MARUSIAK, I.~~ [Marusiak, I.]

Complex examination of industrial geophysical materials. Prace  
ust naft 18:39 '61.

MARUSIETAK, I. [Marusiak, I.]; BURESH, Y. [Buses, J.]

Use of the curve of gradient of internal potentials for  
determining the thickness of layers. Prace ust naft 18:46  
'61.

MARUSIAK, Ivan

Electric coring measurement in the Vlachy-1 key borehole.  
Prace Ust naft 20:67-69 '63.

MARUSIAK, Jiri, Dr

Calculi of the seminal vesicles. Cas.lek.cesk. 91 no.11:333-335  
14 Mar 52.

1. Z radiologicke kliniky K.U. v Praze; prednosta: prof. dr. Vaclav  
Svab.  
(**SEMINAL VESICLES, calculi**)

MARUŠIAK J. \* Hodnocení kostních změn u časné vrozené syfilis. Evaluation of osseous changes in early congenital syphilis. PRAKT. LÉK. 1954, 34/3 (65-66)

The author examined radiographs of long bones of 55 newborns and infants, and found changes characteristic for congenital syphilis in one child only. Some of the mothers of examined children had had specific treatment, some had had none. From these experiences it is concluded, that X-ray examination of the long bones of infants and newborns plays an important part in making a diagnosis of lues congenita. But alone it is not sufficient for diagnosis, only with a history, and it should be supplemented by clinical and serological examinations.

Vlăčková - Brno (VII, 13)

SO: EXCERPTA MEDICA Sect. XIII Vol. 8 No. II

MARUSIAK, Jiri, MUDr.

Malignant tumors on the site of chronic osteomyelitis.  
Acta chir. orthop. traum. cech. 22 no.6:232-234 Nov 55.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU v Praze. Prednosta- Prof. Dr.  
Vaclav Svab.

(OSTEOMYELITIS, complications,

cancer.)

(NEOPLASMS,

in osteomyelitis.)

MARUSIAK, Jiri, MUDr.

Tracheal and bronchial scleroma. Cesk. roent. 10 no.2:65-66  
June 56.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU; predn. prof. Dr. Vaclav Svab.  
(TRACHEA, dis.  
scleroma, x-ray aspects (Cz))  
(BRONCHI, dis.  
same)  
(LARYNX, dis.  
same)

MARUS IAK, Jiru, MUDr.

Personal experience with ventriculographic examination in the years 1948 to 1954. Cesk. rentg. 11 no.3:171-175 Aug 57.

1. Venovano akademiku Arnoldu Jiraskovi k 70. narozeninam.  
(VENTRICULOGRAPHY, in var. dis.  
interpretation (Cz))

MARUSIAK, Jiri, Dr.

Differential diagnosis of anterior dislocation of atlas.  
Acta chir. orthop. traum. cech. 24 no.2:134-137 Mar 57.

1. Radiologicka klinika Karlovy university, prednosta prof.  
Dr. Vaclav Svab.

(ATLAS AND AXIS, disloc.

differ. diag. from pathol. disloc. & clin. healed  
spondylitis (Cz))

(SPONDYLITIS, differ. diag.  
disloc. of atlas (Cz))

MARUSIAK, Jiri

Free fluid in the circulatory system of the fetus as roentgenological  
manifestation of intrauterine death. Cesk. rentg. 13 no.4:255-256  
Aus. 59

1. Radiologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab.  
(FETUS)

MARUSIAK, Jiri

Roentgenological picture of the sella turcica in advanced internal hydrocephalus. Cesk.rentg. 13 no.6:421-424 D '59.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof.dr. V. Svab.  
(HYDROCEPHALUS pathol.)  
(SELLA TURCICA radiogr.)

MARUSIAK, Jiri

Contribution to familial neurogenic acroosteolysis. Cas. lek.  
cesk. 98 no.32-33:1042-1047 14 Aug 59

1. Radiologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof. dr. Vaclav Svab.  
(BONE DISEASES, case reports)

VRBA, Jiri; MARUSIÁK, Jiri

A rare parasitic disease: pentastomosis. Cesk.rentg. 14 no.5:  
297-299 O '60.

1. Klinika chorob z povolani a hygieny prace KU, prednosta prof.  
dr. J.Teisinger Radiologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof. dr.  
V.Svab.

(PARASITIC DISEASES case reports)  
(LUNG DISEASES parasitol.)

MARUSIAK, J.

On the problem of direct magnification of roentgenograms. Acta  
chir.orthop.traum.cech. 27 no.5:459-463 O '60.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU Praha, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab.  
(RADIOGRAPHY)

MARUSIAK, Jiri

Preperitoneal abscess. Cesk. rentg. 15 no.3:188-189 '61.

1. Radiologicka klinika KU, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab.

(PERITONEAL CAVITY dis) (ABSCESS radiog)

MARUSIC, A.: RADETIC, E.

Economic and financial difficulties of the electric industries of Croatia. p. 3.  
(GLASNIK, V61. 5, No. 4/5, 1956)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC Vol. 6, No. 12, Dec. 1957  
Uncl.

MARUSIC, Andelko (Zagreb)

Accounting of wages according to efficiency - unit of production -  
in the electric power economy. Energija Hrv 10 no. 1/2:16-23. '81

1. Zajednica elektroprivrednih poduzeca Hrvatske, Zagreb, Preleterštik  
brigada 37; član Uredničkog odbora, "Energija," urednik rubrike  
"Finansijsko-finansijska problematika."

MARUSIC, Andelko (Zagreb)

Some reminiscences revived by the jubilee of the Hydroelectric-Power Plant Kraljevac. Energija Hrv 11 no.1/2:34-37 '62.

1. Zajednica elektroprivrednih poduzeca Hrvatske, Zagreb,  
Proleterskih brigada 37.

MARUSIC, BIKARD

14114. (The Imotski Bausite Region.) Imotsko bokalno  
područje. Rikard Marušić. *Rudarsko-Metalurški Zbornik*, 1954,  
no. 1, p. 50-55. Geographical-geological survey and analyses of bausite de-  
posits in remote area. Transportation problem. Maps, tables,  
chart. 4 ref.

MLC  
515.55

JAKSIC, Nikica, dr.; MARUSIC, Fedor, dr.; IVANCIC, Nikola, dr.

Observations on prolonged pregnancy. Lijec. vjes. 82 no.4:  
307-313 '60.

1. Iz Ginekoloska-parodajnog odjela Opce bolnice Braca dr.  
Sobola u Rijeci.  
(PREGNANCY)

VRBANIC, Drago, Dr.; MARUSIC, Fedor, Dr.

A case of simultaneous extrauterine pregnancy and intrauterine hydatiform mole. Lijec vjes 82 no.12:977-981 '60.

1. Iz Ginekolosko-porodajnog odjela Opce bolnice "Brace Dr. Sobol"  
u Rijeci.

(HYDATIFORM MOLE in pregn)  
(PREGNANCY ECTOPIC compl)  
(UTERUS NEOPLASMS in pregn)

APRUSCO, K.

"Confirmation to the Soviet Union and Poland by Georgian . . . L.  
(Georgian . . . Georgian, Vol. 3, no. 1/1, 03/1954, . . .  
Georgian)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions. Vol. 3, no. 3. Library of Congress. March 1954.  
Uncl.

MARUSIC, Kazimir, Potpukovnik dr.

A contribution to the clinical picture of toxoplasmosis.  
Voj. san. pregl., Beogr. 12 no.7-8:438-442 July-Aug 55.

1. Ocene odeljenje Vojne bolnice u Sarajevu.  
(TOXOPLASMOSIS,  
clin. aspect & symp. (per))

MARUSIC, Kazimir, Potpukovnik dr.

Application of gonioscopy in ocular trauma. Voj. san. pregl.,  
Beogr. 13 no.1-2:18-21 Jan-Feb 56.

1. Ocno odeljenje vojne bolnice u Sarajevu.  
(EYE, wounds and injuries,  
gonioscopy (Ser))  
(WOUNDS AND INJURIES,  
eye, gonioscopy (Ser))

KOPSA, Milan, Potpukovnik doc., dr.; MARUSIC, Kazimir, potpukovnik dr.

Tonography in diagnosis and treatment of glaucoma. Voj. san.  
pregl., Beogr. 14 no.1-2:28-37 Jan-Feb 57.

1. Očna klinika VMA.

(GLAUCOMA,  
tonography in diag. & ther. (Ser))

(EYE  
tonography in diag. & ther. of glaucoma (Ser))

KOPSA,Milan,sanitetски пуковник проф. д-р; MARUSIC,Kazimir,sanitetски  
пуковник д-р

Clinical possibilities for early diagnosis of primary glaucoma.  
Voj.san.pregl.,Beogr. 17 no.4:500-504 Ap '60.

1. Klinika za ocne bolesti.  
(GLAUCOMA diag.)

MARUSIC, Kazimir, sanitetski pukovnik, dr.

Injuries of ocular tissues by ionizing radiations. Voj.san.pregl.  
18 no.4:378-382 Ap '61.

1. Vojnomedicinska akademija u Beogradu, Ocna klinika.

(RADIATION INJURY) (EYE radiation eff)

MARUSIC, Kazimir, sanitetski pukovnik, dr.

Our experience with gonoscopy in secondary glaucoma. Voj.san.pregl.  
18 no.6/7:549-552 Je-Jl '61.

1. Vejnomedicinska akademija u Beogradu, Klinika za ocne bolesti.

(GLAUCOMA diag)

YUGOSLAVIA

MARUSIC, Kazimir, Eye Disease Clinic (Klinika za Očne Bolesti), Military Medical Academy (Vojnomedicinska Akademija), Belgrade.

"A Contribution to Knowledge of Pigmented Tumors of the Conjunctiva"

Belgrade, Beogradski Arhiv za Celokupno Lezarske, Vol. 51, No. 12, December 1962, pp. 1165-1170.

*Abstract:* [Author's French summary] On the basis of clinical study and histopathology of 12 cases of pigmented tumors of the conjunctiva, the author describes various forms, viz., congenital, precancerous, and cancerous. A lesion preceded the appearance of the tumor in four cases. The article concludes with a few remarks on therapy and surgery.

Eight photographs, 10 references to recent works from Western Europe and US.

b7c

13

KOPSA, Milan, sanitetski pukovnik, profesor, dr.; MARUSIC, Kazimir,  
sanitetski pukovnik, docent, dr.; PANAJOTOVIC, Dragomir,  
sanitetski potpukovnik, dr.

Protection of the organ of vision from war injuries.  
Vojnosanit. pregl. 20 no. 1/2:37-41 Ja-F '63.

1. Vojnomedicinska akademija u Beogradu.  
(EYE INJURIES) (WOUNDS, GUNSHOT)  
(ATOMIC WARFARE) (WAR)

MARUSIC, M.

Parallel tests of some methods for impregnation of certain textiles to make them  
more water-resistant, p. 1301

TEHNIKA, Beograd, Vol 10, No. 9, 1955

SO: EEAL, Vol 5, No 7, July 1956

MARUSIC, Martin, tekhn.

Activities of the Society of Construction Engineers and  
Technicians of Yugoslavia. Gradevinar 14 no.8:304 Ag '62.

KOVACEVIC, P.; PRIMORAC, V.; CALETA, V.; MARUSIC, N.

Comparative studies on the seasonal dynamics of some soil properties of the parapodzol type in an orchard and the Jazbina forest near Zagreb, 1960. Zemljiste biljka 12 no. 1/3:233-238 Ja-D '63.

1. Institute of Pedology and Soil Technology of the Agricultural Faculty, Zagreb.

Matusic, R. Kard

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Bauxite ore reserves in Bosanska Krupa, Yugoslavia.  
Rikard Matusic (Technik, Pula, Zagreb, Yugoslavia),  
Minerals No. 217/51a 1952, 24-35. Bauxite deposits in  
the district of Bosanska Krupa are of 3 classes: widely  
scattered pockets and interlayered or "contact" deposits.  
The latter, total at 1,125,000 tons, are the only ones of  
economic importance. The compn. is  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  60-70,  $\text{SiO}_2$   
2.5-11.5,  $\text{FeO}$ , 9-23,  $\text{TiO}_2$  2.20-3.20, and loss on ignition  
13-15%. The deposits extend for 10 miles on the line  
Prilika-Bijova Greda, averaging 3 ft. in width and 90 ft.  
in depth. They are conveniently situated with regard to  
ports Split and Sibenik and to the future center of Yugoslav  
Al industry in Split. S. Barabas

Marišić, R; Kard

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Imotski bauxite district, Biograd, Montenegro (Ishimbaj  
Fak, Zagreb, Yugoslavia), Geological Survey 1954,  
pp. 78. This describes an area of 200 sq. km. on the border  
lines between Bosnia, Herzegovina, and Dalmatia, north of  
Imotski, and is a continuation of Mostar Bauxite District.  
The estd. bauxite reserves are of 7,500,000 tons. The Imotski  
district can be divided into 6 geographic groups: Stražbeni  
ica, Zagorje, Galici, Dalmatian group, and smaller Bosnian  
deposits. Zagorje is the most important group with estd.  
7,500,000 tons of bauxite contg. an av. of 51%  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  and less  
than 1%  $\text{SiO}_2$ . Galici has 500,000 tons of compn.  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$   
12.6-13%,  $\text{SiO}_2$  4.0-8%,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  19-23.5%,  $\text{TiO}_2$  2.5-3 and LOI  
(loss on ignition) 17.5-20%. Stražbenica has 250,000 tons  
of low-grade trihydrated bauxite contg. 48.5-50%  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$   
but mostly less than 1%  $\text{SiO}_2$ . Bosnian and Dalmatian  
groups each contain 250,000 tons of bauxite ore of compn.  
 $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  43.5-44,  $\text{SiO}_2$  0.5-9.5,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  19-25,  $\text{TiO}_2$  2.5-4.5, and  
LOI 11.5-20.5, spread over an extensive area in small  
pockets.

MARUSIC, R.

MARUSIC, R. Problems with coal and its separation in industrialized countries; impressions from the 2d International Conference on the Separation of Coal in Essen. p. 36.

Vol. 7, No. 3, 1951

TECHNICKI PREGLED.

TECHNICAL SURVEY

Yugoslavia

See: East European Assessors, Vol. 1, No. 1946

*MARUSIC*

✓ Synthetic studies in the chloramphenicol series. III.  
Synthesis of three new chloramphenicol from DL-serine ethyl  
ether. D. Plet, B. Baković, R. Marušić and N. Manger  
(Pliva, Zagreb, Yugoslavia). *Arhiv. Kém.* 27, 1-8 (1953)  
(in English); cf. *C.A.* 48, 8845.—A mixt. of 2.3 g. *p*-Celli-  
(CO)<sub>2</sub>NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OEt)Br (I), 4.16 g. (iso-PrO)<sub>2</sub>Al and 40 ml.  
iso-PrOH was heated 7 hrs. in an oil bath under partial  
reflux; iso-PrOH removed *in vacuo*, 20 ml. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> and a soln.  
of 30 g. tartaric acid in 50 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O added to the residue, the  
aq. layer sep'd. and extd. with three 10-ml. portions of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>,  
the exts. dried and evapd. to leave 2.2 g. crude *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(CO)<sub>2</sub>  
NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OEt)CH(OH)Ph (II) (all compds. reported are  
of *DL*-three series); crystd. from 8 ml. EtOH 1.45 g., m.  
153-5°; analytical sample m. 156-7° (from EtOH). An  
analogous prepn. from crude I gave II in 17.2% yield (calcd.  
on *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(CO)<sub>2</sub>NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OEt)COCl). A mixt. of 10 g. II,  
10 ml. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> and 30 ml. Ac<sub>2</sub>O let stand overnight, poured  
on 240 g. ice, extd. with EtOAc, the exts. washed with three  
10-ml. portions of 25% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, then with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> soln.,  
dried and evapd. gave 12.2 g. of an oil, which, dissolved in  
30 ml. EtOH and kept overnight in an icebox, yielded 10 g.  
*p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(CO)<sub>2</sub>NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>OEt)CH(OAc)Ph (III), m. 90-1°  
b.p. 200-10°. A mixt. of 2.5 g. III, 35 ml. abs. EtO<sub>2</sub>l, and  
0.86 ml. 80% NaH<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O soln. was refluxed 1 hr., evapd. *in*  
*vacuo*, the residue heated 10 min. with 25 ml. N<sub>2</sub>HCl at 50°,  
let stand 20 min.; the theoretical amt. of phthaloylhydrazide

(IV) filtered off, the filtrate refluxed 1.5 hrs., cooled with ice,  
alkalinized with 20% NaOH soln., extd. with eight 20-ml.  
portions of EtOAc, and the extract dried and evapd. *in vacuo*  
to leave 1.32 g. PhCH(OAc)CH(NHAc)CH<sub>2</sub>OR (V), b.p. 110-  
20°. To 18 ml. of fuming HNO<sub>3</sub>, 4.6 g. III was added during  
15 min. at -20°, the mixt. kept 35 min. at room temp., quenched on 150 g. of ice, neutralized with NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, extd.  
with EtOAc, and the ext. washed with H<sub>2</sub>O, dried, and evapd.  
*in vacuo* to leave 5.12 g. of a semicryst. product, which crystd.  
from 50 ml. EtOH yielded 3.9 g. *p*-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>(CO)<sub>2</sub>NCH(CH<sub>2</sub>  
OEt)CH(OAc)CH<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> (VI), m. 110-20°; analytical  
sample m. 120-31° (softens at 110°) (from EtOH, then  
Me<sub>2</sub>CO-petr. ether). III (5 g.) refluxed 2 hrs. with 14.5 ml.  
N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O soln. in abt. EtOH, cooled, IV filtered off and  
washed with 10 ml. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, the filtrate evapd. *in vacuo*, the  
residue dissolved in 20 ml. CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, kept 2 hrs. in ice to sep.  
addn. IV (total yield 92%), and the CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> soln. evapd. *in*  
*vacuo* to leave 3.56 g. of an oil which was dissolved in 2.4 ml.  
C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 2.4 ml. Ac<sub>2</sub>O added, let stand overnight, poured on  
30 g. ice, extd. with five 5-ml. portions of EtOAc, and the  
exts. washed with 10% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solns., and evapd.  
*in vacuo* to give 4.3 g. of an oil; crystd. from 16 ml. Et<sub>2</sub>O it  
gave 3 g. PhCH(OAc)CH(NHAc)CH<sub>2</sub>OEt (VII), m. 87-9°  
(sublimed at 100-10°/0.04 mm.). VII (1.2 g.) added to 4.5  
ml. fuming HNO<sub>3</sub> during 20 min. at -20° to -15°, let  
stand 80 min., poured on ice, neutralized with NaHCO<sub>3</sub>.

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extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>OAc, and the ext. dried and evapd. *in vacuo* gave 1.4 g. of a yellow oil (VIII), which was heated 2.5 hrs. with 12 ml. 5% HCl on a steam bath, evapd. *in vacuo*, the residue dissolved in 4 ml. 48% HBr, evapd. *in vacuo* and the residue crystallized from EtOH-Et<sub>2</sub>O to give 0.42 g.  $\rho$ -O<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)HBrCH<sub>2</sub>OBz (IX), m. 193-4.5°. IX was prepared also in 0.4 g. yield by reducing 2 g. crude VI with 5.2 ml. N NaH<sub>2</sub>O soln. in abs. EtOH during 1.5 hrs., dilg. with 6 ml. abs. EtOH, cooling, sepr. IV as above, evapd. the filtrate, refluxing the residue with 30 ml. 5% HCl 2.5 hrs., cooling, ext. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, evapd. *in vacuo*, heating the residue with 4 ml. 48% HBr, allowing to stand for 2 days and cryst. from EtOH-Et<sub>2</sub>O. VIII gave after heating with 5% HCl, alkalization, extn. with Et<sub>2</sub>OAc, and evapn.  $\rho$ -O<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>OH, b.p. 110-111°. A mixt. of 13.8 ml. 48% HBr and 1.5 g. IX was heated 20 min. at 180° and 1 hr. at 120° in a sealed tube, evapd. *in vacuo*, the residue dissolved in 8 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O, alkalized with caustic NH<sub>4</sub>OH, extn. with 100 ml. Et<sub>2</sub>OAc, the ext. dried and evapd. *in vacuo*, and the residue (0.024 g.) crystallized from 10 ml. H<sub>2</sub>O to give 0.72 g.  $\rho$ -O<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>CH(OH)CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>OH, m. 130-1°, which reduced with excess Cl<sub>2</sub>CHCO<sub>2</sub>Me gave m. *trans*-chloranphenicol, m. 130-1°.

E. Gushik

MARUSIC, RIKARD

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The bauxite deposits of Montenegro. Rikard Marusic.  
Berg u. Mineralog. Monatsh. monat. Rockwertsch. Leiden.  
102/169-80 (1967).—The geographical, geol., and mineralogical  
conditions are described. The chem. compn. is:  
 $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  54-65,  $\text{SiO}_2$  0.5-3.5,  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  18-31,  $\text{TiO}_2$  2.5-4.0, loss  
on heating 11-14%, depending on the geographical location  
of the deposit. Besides these, so-called "white" (Fe-poor)  
bauxites are found with  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  58 and less,  $\text{SiO}_2$  10-22,  
 $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$  1-10%; these are used for refractory materials and  
prepn. of Lafarge cement. 18 references. M. Hartshorn.

MARUSIC, R.

A critical review of the activities of the International Mineral Dressing Congress in Stockholm. p. 31/.

RUDARSKO-METALURSKI ZBORNIK. (Ljubljana. Univerza. Fakulteta za rudarstvo, metalurgijo in kemijsko tehnologijo. Oddelek za rudarstvo in metalurgijo) Ljubljana, Yugoslavia, No. 3, 1958.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 6, June 1959.

Uncl.

MARUSIC, R.

A route for the preparation of L-hygrinic acid. Croat chem acta  
31 no.4:157-158 '59. (EEAI 9:9)

1. Chemical Laboratory, Faculty of Science, University of Zagreb,  
Zabreb, Croatia, Yugoslavia.  
(Hygric acid)

GASPERT, B.; STEFANAC, Zlata; MARUSIC, R.; BALENOVIC, Kresimir

Optically active trisulphides and tetrasulfides related to L cystine.  
Croat chem acta 32 no.2:85-90 '60. (EEAI 10:4)

1. Chemical Laboratory, Faculty of Science, University of Zagreb,  
Strossmayerov trg 14, Zagreb, Croatia, Yugoslavia. 2. Redakcioni  
odbor (Committee of Publication), Croatica Chemica Acta, member of the  
Committee (for Stefanac and Balenovic)  
(Sulfides) (Cystine) (Optically active compounds)

PROTOGOROV, V.V.; BULAVIN V. I.I., etv. red.; PARUSICH, V.K.,  
red.

[Bioclimate of the dark green mountain forests of s. ul'yan.  
Siberia] Bioklimat temnokhveinykh zonykh lesov sibiri  
Sibiri. Moskva, Nauka, 1975. 24 p. (MLA 18:2)

MARUSKA, A.

Full use of calorific value of coke in a stationary drying plant. p. 107.

TECHNIKA VYVUPU, MLYNARSTVI A PEKARSTVI. (Ministerstvo potravinarskeho prumyslu a výkupu zemedlskych vurobku a Sdruzeni mlynu a pekaren) Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 5, no. 3, Mar. 1950.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960.

Uncl.

MARUSKA, Jozef

Technologia pre 1. roc. hosp. skol. dvojroc. (Technology for the 1st grade  
of two-year economic schools. a textbook. Tr. from the Czech. illus., tables)  
Bratislava, SPN, 1957. 202 p.

Bibliograficky katalog, CSR, Slovenske kihy, Vol. VIII. 1957. No. 10. p. 312

MARUSKA, Milos

Czechoslovak bakery machines operating in United States bakeries.  
Prum potravin 14 no.7:364-365 Jl '63.

1. Zavody potravinarskych a chladicich stroju, r.p., zavod  
Topos, Sluknov.

JERABEK, Radoslav, inz.; MARUSKOVA, Libuse

Better preparation of surfaces reducing the consumption of  
coating materials. Drevo 18 no.1:17-20 Ja '63.

1. Vyvoj nabylkarskeho prumyslu, Brno.

JERABEK, Radoslav, inz.; MARUSKOVA, Libuse

Sanding of the wood filler in furniture part finishing.  
Drevo 18 no.4:151-152 Ap '63.

1. Vyvoj nabytkarskeho prumyslu, Brno.

L 24294-66 EWT(1)/EWT(m)/EWP(t) IJP(c) JD/WW/GG

ACC NR: AP6006994 SOURCE CODE: UR/0051/66/020/002/0209/0213

AUTHORS: Bogdanova, I. P.; Marusin, V. D.

ORG: none

TITLE: Study of the secondary processes occurring in electronic excitation by the coincidence-count method

SOURCE: Optika i spektroskopiya, v. 20, no. 2, 1966, 209-213

TOPIC TAGS: excited electron state, helium, spectral line, light excitation, electron recombination

ABSTRACT: This is a continuation of earlier work (Opt. i spektr. v. 17, 151, 1964) devoted to light excitation and deals with the secondary maximum near the excitation threshold of several helium lines observed in the dependence of the excitation functions of the spectral lines on the addition of impurities (mercury, krypton, and zenon) and resulting from secondary nonlinear processes occurring during excitation. The secondary processes were separated and identified by means of apparatus (Fig. 1) based on a previously proposed

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ACC NR: AP6006994

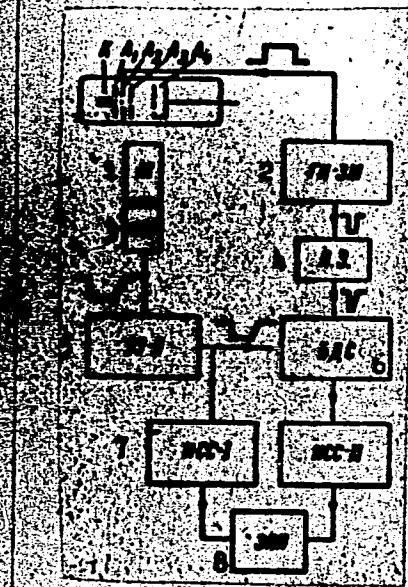


Fig. 1. Diagram of installation.  
1 -- Monochromator, 2 -- pulse generator,  
3 -- photomultiplier, 4 -- delay line, 5 --  
amplifier, 6 -- coincidence circuit, 7 --  
counting rate meter, 8 -- automatic recorder.

Idea (DAN BSSR v. 156, 54, 1961) of separating in time the direct excitation due to electron impact from the excitation due to the secondary processes and counting the coincidences between the two separate channels. No secondary processes were observed in pure helium, but in a mixture of He + 10% Kr, at a total mixture pressure  $4 \times 10^{-2}$  mm Hg, emission of the spectral lines of helium occurred at electron velocities lower than the threshold in pure

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ACC NR: AP6006994

helium by not less than 2 ev. The time delay of the secondary process causing the emission of the  $4713 \text{ \AA}$  helium line below the excitation threshold was investigated in detail. The results fit the hypothesis advanced in the earlier paper that the emission occurring below the excitation threshold is due to recombination of molecular ions of helium with slow electrons. The role of the impurity, however, still remains unclear. The authors thank S. E. Frish for interest in the work and discussion of the results, and G. K. Kartsev for help in the assembly and adjustment of the apparatus.

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Orig. art. has: 6 figures

SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 15Ju164/ ORIG REF: 002/ OTH REF: 002

Card FV 3/3

CHERDANTSEV, G.N.; BASHLAVINA, G.N.; MARUSOV, A.Ya.; MERKULOV, V.A.; FILIPPOV, Yu.V.; LARIN, D.A.; DENZIN, P.V.; KOMKOV, A.M.; KARAVAEVA, Z.F.; MIROSHNICHENKO, A.F.; KOLDAYEV, P.K.; SKVORTSOV, P.A.; PAVLOV, V.V.

Discussion of K.A.Salishchev's report. Brief report of speeches of G.N. Cherdantsev, G.N.Bashlavina A.IA.Marusov, V.A.Merkulov, IU.V.Filippov, D.A.Larin, P.V.Denzin, A.M.Komkov, Z.F.Karavaeva, A.F.Miroshnichenko, P.K.Koldaev, P.A.Skvortsov, V.V.Pavlov. Vop.geog. no.34:14-34 '54.  
(Cartography) (MLRA 7:12)

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making of maps. Vop.geog. no.34:73-83 '54. (MLRA 7:12)  
(Cartography)

MARUSOV, A.Ya., inzhener-podpolkovnik, glavnnyy red.; KUDRYAVTSEV, M.K., general-leytenant tekhnicheskikh voysk, otvetstvennyy red.; DEMIN, L.A., inzhener-kontr-admiral, red.; SHCHERBAKOV, A.N., general-mayor, red.; NIKOLAYEV, A.S., polkovnik, red.; KOLOMIYETS, A.D., polkovnik, red.; NAZAROV, P.V., polkovnik, red.; PAROT'KIN, I.V., polkovnik, red.; PUDIKOV, M.P., polkovnik, red.; SISELIN, S.V., polkovnik, red.; BARANOV, M.Kh., inzhener-polkovnik, red.; KOMKOV, A.M., inzhener-polkovnik, red.; SHATUNOV, S.G., inzhener-polkovnik, red.; KOROLEV, V.G., polkovnik, tekhn. red.; LUK'YANOV, B.I., polkovnik, tekhn.red.; ROMANOV, M.K., podpolkovnik, tekhn.red.; IVANOV, V.V., inzhener-podpolkovnik, tekhn.red.; LYUBKOV, A.N., inzhener-podpolkovnik, tekhn.red.; KNYSH, P.N., podpolkovnik tekhnicheskoy sluzhby, tekhn.red.; VASMUT, A.S., kapitan, tekhn. red.; KOSTIN, A.G., tekhn.red.; MAKUKHINA, G.P., tekhn.red.

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1958. 459 p. (MIRA 11:5)

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Voyenno-topograficheskogo upravleniya General'nogo Shtaba (for  
Korolev, Luk'yanov, Romanov, Ivanov, Lyubkov, Knysh, Vasmut)  
(Atlases)

MARUSOVA, I.V.; KHOLINA, N.M.

Biology of the flycatcher *Muscicapa albicollis* Temm in western provinces of the Ukraine. Nauk. zap. UzhGU 40:75-81 '59.  
(MIRA 14:4)

1. Kremenetskiy pedagogicheskiy institut.  
(Ukraine--Flycatchers)

MARUSOVA, T.P., kand. tekhn. nauk; SHIPUNOV, N.V., kand. tekhn. nauk;  
PETRI, L.O., inzh.

Investigating the conditions for electrical safety in salt  
mines. Gor. zhur. no.11:69-70 N '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Moskovskiy energeticheskiy institut.

MARUSOVA, T.P.

Basic norms for emergency lighting. Trudy MEI no.28:254-267 '56.  
(Lighting) (MLRA 10:6)

MAGNUSKA, T., On behalf of the "Emergency Committee  
of industrial enterprises," 1970, no. 17, of the USSR  
Soviet Union. The member of Lenin ~~and~~ <sup>and</sup> Khrushchev's Central Committee  
(KL, USSR, 1970)

- 117 -

USSR/Soil Science - Genesis and Geography of Soils.

J.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, 67869

Author : Marusova, V.Ya.

Inst :  
Title : An Experiment in Constructing a Scale of Conventional Hatchure Marks for Soil Maps of the USSR.

Orig Pub : Pochvovedeniye, 1957, No 8, 12-18.

Abstract : The scale proposed for use in drawing soil maps of various scales was drawn up on the basis of the conventional symbols for the state soil map of the USSR, scale 1:1,000,000. A particular hatchure mark was chosen for each soil type. The soil sub-types within the types are made to stand out by using variations of the hatchures. The soil zones are indicated by the intensity of the general tone of the hatchures. Genetic soil types which differ greatly from one another in their properties are distinguished by sharply contrasting portrayal in the hatchures. The scale enables

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MARUSSI, Antonio

Gravitational anomalies and tectonics in Central Asia. Geofiz  
kozl 9 no.1/2:37-39 '60.

MARUSSI, A.

Present state of geodesy. Geod. i kart. no.3:61-69 Mr '63.  
(MIRA 16:7)  
(Geodesy)

TEODORESCU, I., prof. (Galati); MARUSTERU, St., prof. (Bala Mare)

Mathematical notes. Gaz mat B 14 no.3:151-155 Mr '63.

MARUSTERU, St. (Baia Mare)

One of the D Pompeiu theorems. Gaz mat B 14 no.11:661-662 N<sup>o</sup>63.

MARUSTERU, St.

Similarity of polygons. Gaz mat fiz 70 no.3:106-108 Mr '65.

MARUSYAK, V. I.

Applicability of the Born approximation in the case of electron  
scattering by ionized admixtures. Ukr. Fiz. zhur. 3 no.11:1277-  
1278 N 1964. (ZIA 17:9)

MARUSYEEVA, A. M.

USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - Nervous System.

R-12

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 71191

Author : Marusyeva, A.M.

Title : Sensitivity Changes of Man's Sound Analyser in the Process of Working up Differentiation.

Orig Pub : Tr. In-ta fiziol. AN SSSR, 1956, 5, 358-367

Abstract : A tone of 1000 gc cycle was reinforced by a pain stimulation of the skin of the hand, -tone of 300 gc was differentiating. Liminal intensity of sound signals was determined by a simultaneous registration of four reactions of the subject: verbal report, withdrawal of the finger from the electrode, movement of eyes to the source of sound, and dermal-galvanic responses. In the first series of tests, until the workout of complete differentiation, the subjects did not report verbally on the sound stimuli. The sensitivity to the reinforced sound stimulus under these conditions remained in the course of the tests on a

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USSR/Human and Animal Physiology - Nervous System.

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Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Biologiya, No 16, 1957, 71191

high level and did not change; the sensitivity limin to the reinforced tone rose to 34 db. The reactions to differentiated sound arose only with a considerable increase in its intensity and had a 2-3 times longer latent period, then the reactions towards a positive signal. The author explains it by the change in the functional state of cortical parts of the analyser in production of differentiation. After introduction of the verbal report about the sound stimuli, sensitivity towards a differentiating tone was established, and the latent period returned to normal. When the verbal report took place from the very beginning of the test ( second series of tests) the dermo-galvanic differentiation was not established at all. Consequently, the sensitivity limens are uneven in magnitude and fluctuate in accordance with the change in signal meaning of the received stimuli.

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The influence of cortical spreading depression on unit activity in the colliculus inferior of the rat. Physiol. Bohem.-slov. 13 no.3:227-235 '64

1. Institute of Physiology, Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, Prague, and Institute of Physiology, Academy of Sciences of USSR, Leningrad.

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MARUSZCZAK, H.

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Vol. 4 No. 5  
by 1953  
climatology and  
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15-206 ✓  
Maruszczak, Henryk, Stan i zmiany lesistosci województwa lubelskiego w latach 1890-1930. [The state and changes of the forest area in the province of Lublin in the years 1890-1930.] Lublin : Uniwersytet Marii Curie-Skłodowskiej, Rocznik Annals, Ser. B, 5-8, 1930-1950, 13 lugs., 9 tables, 12 diagrs. Summary in English p. 175-178. DWB, Vol. 31, 178, 1950. In the introduction the effect of forests on climate, soil, temperature, humidity, precipitation and detailed study of forest conditions in the Lublin region during 100 years 1890-1930 are outlined. The study is based mainly on detailed charts of forests in the region 1890 and 1930. The author points out that the gradual but significant shrinkage of the forest areas has been accompanied by a drying up of the soil, a reduction of water reservoirs (caused by washing of denuded spaces) and a decrease of rainfall (shown in a diagram of annual amount of precipitation observed in Pulawy in the years 1874-1948). The third part of the paper is devoted to the problem of organizing a rational system of reforestation based on considerations of the quality of the soil, the demand for timber and the requirements of the water economy. Subject Headings: 1. Forest climatology 2. Forest influences 3. Lublin Region 4. Poland.—M.R., A.M.P.

MARUSZCZAK, H.

"Characteristic forms of the relief of the loess areas of the Lublin upland." p.3-?

CZASOPISMO GEOGRAFICZNE (Polskie Towarzystwo Geograficzne) Wrocław, Poland  
Vol. 29, no. 3, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, June 1956

Uncl.

MARUSZCZAK, Henryk, doc.dr. (Lublin, ul.Racławicka 23, XIV, m.23)

"Informational report from the 8th Congress of Czechoslovak Geographers in Opava.";"Reports on geomorphological research in 1959." Reviewed by H. Maruszczak. Czasopismo geograficzne 32 no.1:92-93 '61.

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MARUSZCZAK, Henryk, doc.dr. (Lublin, Maławicka 23, biełek XLV, m.23)

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32 no.4:461-462 '61.

1. Uniwersytet, Lublin.

MARUSZEWSKA-WIECZORKOWSKA, ELZBIETA

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scop:es

Alkyl- and alkenyl-pyridines. I. Synthesis of pyridyl sulfones and piperidyl sulfones by way of addition of sulfonic acids and mercaptans to 2-vinylpyridine. Omann, Achmatowicz, Elzbieta Maruszewska-Wieczorkowska, and Jan Michalski (Polish). *J. Org. Chem. (Poland)*, *Kozaniki*, Chem. 29, 1029-33 (1955) (English summary).—For chemotherapeutic investigations, 2-RSO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N (I) were prep'd. in the following ways: (A) To 0.05 mole 2-vinylpyridine (II) in 10 ml. alc. was added 0.06 mole of the sulfinic acid (III); the I ptdl. after several min. (B) (For aliphatic III) an acidic (HCl or AcOH) soln. of the Na or Mg salt of III was extd. with Et<sub>2</sub>O, the Et<sub>2</sub>O distd., and the crude III dissolved in C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>; to this soln. (contg. 0.1 mole III), was added 0.05 mole II and the C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was distd. (C) To 0.26 mole RSH in 50 ml. C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> was added 0.3 mole II; the mixt. refluxed 5 hrs., and the sulfide (IV) distd. *in vacuo* and taken up in 50% AcOH and oxidized with KMnO<sub>4</sub> or in glacial AcOH and oxidized with 25% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (about 100% excess). Addn. of salts of III in presence of NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> and reaction of 2-picoline with CH<sub>3</sub>O and RSH gave poor yields. The following I were prep'd. [R, m.p., retrystn., solvent, % yield, and the method (acid used in B and oxidant in C, given parenthetically) reported]: E, 62-3°, cyclohexane, 74; B (AcOH), 90; B (HCl) [HCl salt (V), m. 128-9° (from AcOBt)]; Ph(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, 114°; xylenes, 93; A, 94; C (KMnO<sub>4</sub>), 91; C (H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) [IV, m. 184-0° (decompn.) (from C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>-alc.); *p*-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, 61.5°; ligroine, 88; A (V, m. 182-3° (decompn.) (from MeOH)); *p*-AcNH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub> (VI), 171-2° alc.-H<sub>2</sub>O, 97.

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*Achmatowicz, Osman*

*A; p-H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, 114°, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, 98 by hydrolysis (HCl) of VI [IV, m. 184° (decompn.) (from alc.)], I treated with base gave II and salts of III. I (or their V) reduced over PtO<sub>2</sub> gave the following piperidine sulfones, 2-RSO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>N (R, m.p., recryst. solvent, and % yield given): Et, 37-8°, *n*-hexane, 95 [V, m. 205-6° (decompn.) (from MeOH-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>)]; PhCH<sub>3</sub>, 85° ligroine, 77 [V, m. 241-6° (decompn.) (from iso-PrOH), HOAc salt, m. 125-6° (from cyclohexane)]; Ph, —, 72 [V, m. 205-6° (decompn.) (from Me<sub>2</sub>CO), 72% yield]; p-MeC<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, 54-5° ligroine, 92 [V, m. 200-7° (decompn.) (from MeOH-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>)]; N,N-d<sub>2</sub> deriv., m. 143-4° (from ligroine-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>); 2-AcNHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>— [HOAc salt, m. 190-1° (from Me<sub>2</sub>CO), 75% yield]; p-H<sub>2</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, 160° toluene, 98% 2-[2-(Phenylmercapto)-ethyl]pyridine, m. 197-8°, b.p. 04°,  $\eta^{\circ}$  1.6068, d<sub>4</sub> 1.1169, 98% yield; picrate, m. 119° (decompn.) (from alc.).*

*A. Semenov*

MARUSZEWSKA-WIECZORKOWSKA, E.

*E. M. W.*

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✓ Alkyl and alkenylpyridines. III. Pyridine sulfones and some simple sulfur derivatives with 2-pyridylmethyl residue.  
Elzbieta Maruszewska-Wierzorkowska and Jan Michalski  
(Politechnika, Lodz, Poland). *Roczniki Chem.* 31, 542-51  
(1957) (English summary); cf. *C.A.* 50, 12046M; 51, 11347c.  
The following 2-C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NCH<sub>2</sub>Y were prep'd. from 2-pyridylmethyl chloride (I) by classic methods (Y, % yield, m.p., and m.p. picrate given): SO<sub>2</sub>R, 97, 105°, 183-5°; SO<sub>2</sub>Ph,  
76-80, 113°, 214-16°; SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>M<sub>2</sub>p, 98, 165°, 197-8°;  
SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NHAc-p, 80, 166°, 229-30°; SO<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>A, 100,  
199°, —; SCN(NH)NH<sub>2</sub>, HCl, 95, 152°, —; SH, 53, —  
(b, 57-8°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.5758, d<sub>4</sub> 1.1533), 163-4; SPb, 89, —(b,  
97-8°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.298, d<sub>4</sub> 1.1533), 124-6°; SCN, 84, —(b,  
116°, n<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.6761, d<sub>4</sub> 1.1554), 105-7°; CSNH<sub>2</sub>, 80, 90°,  
(80°). A. Kropiewski  
*EM*

POLAND / Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic  
Chemistry.

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Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77747.

Author : Maruszewska-Wierzorkowska, E. and Michalski, J.

Inst : Polish Academy of Sciences.

Title : Synthesis of Organophosphorus Compounds Containing  
Pyridylalkyl Radicals by the Addition of Dialkyl  
Phosphites and Their Structural Analogs to 2-Vinyl-  
pyridine.

Orig Pub: Bull Acad Polon Sci, Ser Sci Chim Geol et Geograph,  
6, No 1, 19-21 (1958) (in English).

Abstract: The addition of  $R'R''P(X)H$  ( $R'$ ,  $R''$  = alkyl or  
alkoxyl,  $X = O$  or  $S$ ) to 2-vinylpyridine in the  
presence of  $C_2 H_5 ONa$  at  $100^\circ$  or in the absence  
of  $C_2 H_5 ONa$  under milder conditions gives  
 $2-C_5 H_4 NCH_2 R$  (I) ( $R$ , the yield in %, bp in  $^\circ C/mm.$ ,

Card 1/3

POLAND / Organic Chemistry. Synthetic Organic  
Chemistry.

G-2

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 23, 1958, 77747.

Abstract:  $n^{25}_D$ ,  $d_4^{25}$ , and the mp in  $^{\circ}C$  of the picrolonate  
are given in that order):  $P(O)(OC_2H_5)_2$ ,  
40 (60 with  $C_2H_5ONa$ ), 101/0.05, 1.4938, 1.1156,  
91-92;  $P(O)(OC_3H_7)_2$ , 99/0.05, 1.4812, 1.0591,  
134-135 (decomp);  $P(O)(OC_4H_9-n)_2$ , 43 (65 with  
 $C_2H_5ONa$ ), 132-0.2, 1.4841, 1.0460, --;  
 $P(O)(OC_2H_5)_2C_6H_5$ , 59, 143-145/0.1, 1.5560, 1.1419,  
picrate mp 158-159 $^{\circ}$ ;  $P(O)(CH_2C_6H_5)_2$ , 92, --,  
mp 118 $^{\circ}$ , - , - , - , picrate mp 158-160 $^{\circ}$ ;  $P(S)(OC_2H_5)_2$ ,  
58, 97/0.05, 1.5101, 1.1085 (at 30 $^{\circ}$ ), --. The  
structure of I is proved by forming the picrate

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